



The Role of Trusted Computing for Identity Management

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'Identity' – Misnomer or Very Useful Concept?

- In mathematics, '==' is a reflective, symmetric, transitive relation
 $(a == a) ; (a == b) \Rightarrow (b == a) ; (a == b) \wedge (b == c) \Rightarrow (a == c)$
- In philosophy, *personal identity* concerns the conditions under which a person at one time is the same person at another time.
- In the social sciences, *social identity* concerns the individual's comprehension of him or herself as a discrete, separate entity.
 - There's more than one: cultural, gender, legal (id)entity, ...
 - Often better to think roles and contexts here.
- Object Identity (OOP): property of objects that allows those objects to be distinguished from each other, identifiability.
- Digital Identity is the representation of identity in terms of digital information.
- Digital Identity Theft is the deliberate appropriation of someone else's digital identity (without that person's permission) for criminal purposes.

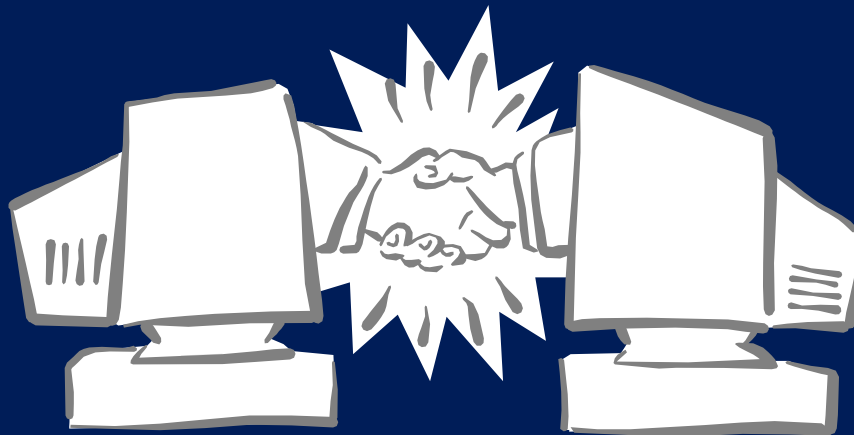
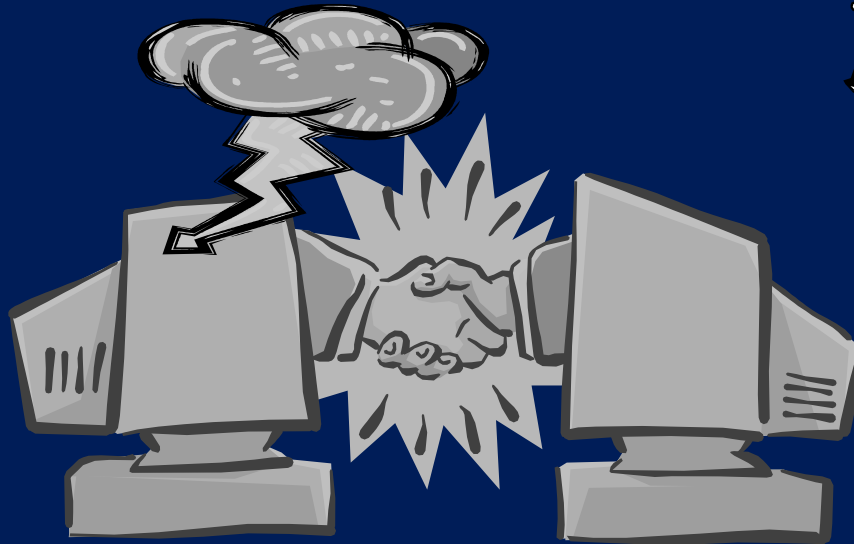
Trusted Computing – Identifiable Expectations



- Trusted Platforms (TPs) behave in an expected manner for a particular purpose and particular time.
 - Multiple purposes reflected in multiple roles aka platform identities
 - Pseudonymous or quasi-anonymous identities are supported
 - Scalable non-linkability with (AIKs) or without (DAA) trusted third parties
- TPs can attest their fitness for purpose to remote peers
 - Bootup, configuration, system state
 - How can we build up expectations about remote behaviour?
- TPs provide HW supported protection of keys, data, logs, and execution environments.
 - Bind data to one or more platforms or owners
 - Tamper protected auditing subsystems
 - Security enhanced execution compartments (OS, applications) for critical software
- If we have more confidence in the behaviour of a remote system, we might require less information about its user.
 - Hence – less knowledge about his ‘true’ social identity



TC, Identities and Communication Contracts



- Present

- TCP/IP + user authentication are entrance ticket
- User auth says little about exposure to risk
- User authorization discloses aspects of social identity

- Future

- Attest fitness for purpose
- Scan for vulnerabilities before admission to the network
- May help to minimize exposure of social identity
- Allows for multiple roles



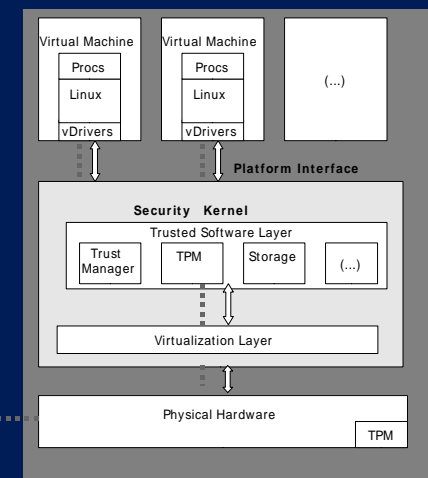
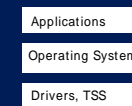
OpenTC: Project in a Nutshell



Chosen vehicle: Collaborative, academic/industrial research project funded by the EC



- 23 Partners
 - Academic: University Cambridge (XEN), Univ. Dresden and Bochum (microkernel based security architecture)
 - Industrial: AMD, Infineon, HP, IBM, SuSE/Novell
- Integrated Project, Duration: 36/42 months, Active since December 2005
- Work Packages: Hardware, Virtualization Layers, Distributed Management, Validation/QA, Mobile Platforms
- Address most critical issue: fear of customer lock-in
 - Explore TC for Open Source based system
 - Architecture to support maximum flexibility and choice
 - Introduce new perspectives into public debates
 - Include TCG members who also are OSS stakeholders
- Political/geographical context
 - Main debate happened in Europe



OpenTC: Architectural Goals



Virtualization Layer providing 'Compartments'

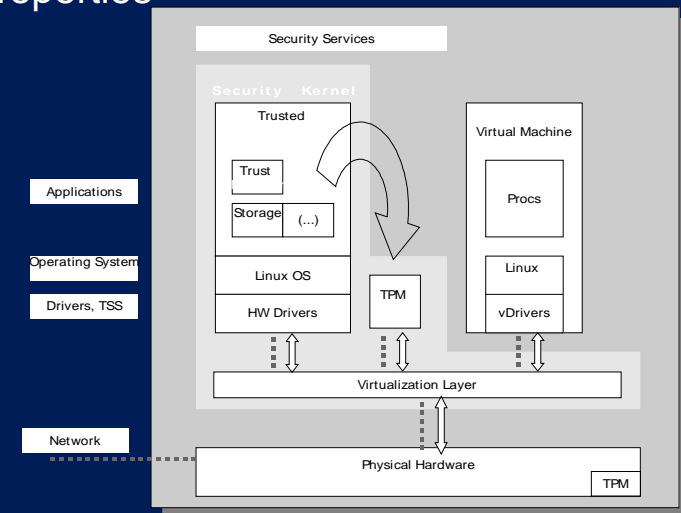
- Audited and attestable boot-up of VMM and platform management components
 - Uses TC trusted boot
- Virtual Machines with information flow policies enforced by the VMM / secure services
 - Configuration and Policy are attestable
 - 'Customer Compartments' with remotely attestable properties

Explore next generation x86 CPU features

- Improved protection mechanism for memory and I/O
- Secure initialization
- HW Support for virtualization

Explore features of v1.2 Trusted Platform Modules

- Support for I/O (locality)
- **Looking for partners to adopt and explore this architecture in FP7 projects and supportive actions.**
- **In particular for testing, reverse documentation, reverse specification, validation of design and implementation.**



OpenTC



- Thank you for your time and attention!
- Questions?

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